Mactaquac Generating Station Brief

New Brunswick Emergency Measures Organization (NB EMO)





Unclassified

Mactaquac Generating Station



Caveat



The delivery of this briefing on the planning by NB Power and NB EMO is in no way tied to any ongoing safety concerns at the Mactaquac Generating Station.



These briefings are to provide details on the current plans prepared by NB Power and NB EMO.



NB EMO and other government departments have been focused on COVID 19 over the past couple of years therefore NB EMO wanted to provide updated briefings to new members as well as seasoned veterans on the current plans.

Unclassified





Outline

1. Location	2. Mactaquac Generating Station Overview	3. Plans	4. Mactaquac Generating Station Emergency Preparedness Plan
5. Site Description / Major Components	6 Mactaquac Generating Station Emergency Measures Plan	7. Flood 1973, 2018, and 2019	
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Mactaquac Generating Station Location The Mactaquac Generating Station (MGS) is located on the St. John River about 20 km west of Fredericton, New Brunswick.





With a generating capacity of approximately 670 MW, the MGS supplies approximately 18% of New Brunswick's power requirements.



The MGS is a run-of-the-river dam; flows into the head pond are typically equal to the flows through the dam. There is, however, some daily and seasonal storage of water in the head pond. This storage allows NB power to fluctuate power generation to respond to variations in energy markets and operational requirements.



Mactaquac Generating Station Plans

There are two:

NB Power

NBEMO



NB Power

Emergency Preparedness Plan (EPP) for Dam Safety Mactaquac Generating Station

NBEMO

Mactaquac Generating Station Emergency Measures Plan



The EPP for Dam Safety Mactaquac Generating Station



This Emergency Preparedness Plan (EPP) was prepared by NB Power for use by external agencies and is intended to facilitate effective emergency response in cases where a failure or breach of any of the water-retaining structures at Mactaquac Generating Station (MGS) could be expected to result in serious flooding and potential loss of life.

The development of this EPP does not, in any way, reflect upon the structural integrity and safe operation of the MGS.





This EPP is consistent with the Canadian Dam Association's (CDA) Dam Safety Guidelines, which is the industry standard for dam safety in Canada. There are no legislative requirements for NB Power to implement this type of plan.



This Emergency Preparedness Plan (EPP) for Dam Safety is one of four (4) primary dam safety documents applicable to NB Power's dams.







An Operations, Maintenance, and Surveillance (OMS) Manual for Dam Safety—Mactaquac Generating Station, which describes how day-to-day tasks related to dam safety at MGS are performed, and by whom. The OMS manual contains In-Plant Procedures (IPPs) applicable to normal conditions, flood situations, dam safety alerts, and/or dam safety emergencies;

2. An Emergency Preparedness Plan (EPP) for Dam Safety—Mactaquac Generating Station, which contains inundation maps and other information applicable to MGS that is required by downstream responders to update their own emergency plans;



This Emergency Preparedness Plan (EPP) for Dam Safety is one of four (4) primary dam safety documents applicable to NB Power's dams, i.e.:







3.An Emergency Response Plan (ERP) for Dam Safety—Mactaquac Generating Station, which describes how NB Power will respond to a dam safety emergency at MGS; and 4. An Executive Emergency Response Plan and Emergency Response
 Procedure (EERP), which describes how NB Power executives will respond to various types of emergencies.



Emergency Classification and Notifications



This EPP identifies five (5) activation levels that can occur at MGS and may require a response-by-response personnel and other organizations in addition to NB Power.



	Condition			
Level	Hydrologic Event	Other Events	Action	
NORMAL CONDITION (Green)	River conditions are normal, in that no flood warning is appropriate or necessary.	n/a	 Follow procedures outlined in the dam- specific OMS Manual for Dam Safety for normal conditions. 	
FLOOD SITUATION (Blue) Out-of-bank water levels	A 'Flood Warning' has been issued by regulatory authority or municipality, or NB Power, but situation is not threatening dam integrity.	Not applicable. <u>Note</u> : NB Power has discretion to declare a 'Level Blue' for any other abnormal flows.	 Follow procedures outlined in the dam- specific OMS Manual for Dam Safety. EOC (MGS) may be activated at discretion of NB Power to coordinate internal activities. NB Power is available to support NB EMO on request. 	
DAM ALERT (Yellow) Abnormal condition poses a threat	 a) Inflow exceeds 50% of the maximum discharge capacity (710,000 cfs), i.e. 355,000 cfs. b) The maximum operating water level (MOL) of the headpond (133 ft) is expected to be exceeded. 	 Abnormal condition that may affect dam performance has been identified, e.g.: Signs of potential internal erosion; Earthquake occurrence; Increased leakage; Minor structural deformation or deterioration. 	 Initiate internal notifications, but do not activate the ERP. Follow procedures outlined in the damspecific OMS Manual for Dam Safety to mitigate abnormal condition. Activate EOC (MGS) at discretion of NB Power. Increased on-site monitoring. Continue to evaluate as required. Determine need to issue targeted external notification 	
DAM EMERGENCY (Orange) Potential dam failure is developing	 a) Inflow exceeds the maximum discharge capacity, i.e. 710,000 cfs. b) The maximum operating level (MOL) of the headpond (133 ft) has been exceeded. c) The headpond level is expected to exceed the top of the embankment core (138 ft). 	Inflows are indicative of potential dam failure. Abnormal condition creates threat to dam safety, requiring immediate attention. If implemented, remediation is expected to be effective.	 Activate the ERP. Activate the EOC. Initiate external and internal notifications. Provide situational briefings. Discuss time available for evacuation with NB EMO and external stakeholders. Implement mitigation actions. Carry out on-site monitoring. Prepare for plant shutdown. 	
DAM FAILURE (Red) Dam failure is imminent or has occurred	 a) Inflow exceeds the maximum discharge capacity, i.e. 710,000 cfs. b) Dam overtopping is occurring or imminent. 	Upstream water level is decreasing rapidly, indicative of dam failure. Failure of dam is occurring or imminent.	 Perform all actions listed for DAM EMERGENCY (level 'Orange'), plus: Initiate plant shutdown procedures; Evacuate NB Power staff to safety. 	

This EPP identifies five (5) Operation Levels that can exist at MQGS and may require a response by external response agencies and other organizations in addition to NB Power.



NORMAL CONDITION (GREEN)

- A NORMAL CONDITION is the default operation level at MQGS and is associated with normal river conditions.
- During a normal condition, NB Power will follow the operating procedures contained in their OMS Manual for Dam Safety.

This EPP identifies five (5) Operation Levels that can exist at MQGS and may require a response by external response agencies and other organizations in addition to NB Power.



FLOOD SITUATION (BLUE)

- A FLOOD SITUATION is not a dam safety emergency (i.e., it does not threaten the dam's integrity). However, it is associated with higher-than-normal river flows and may constitute an emergency for stakeholders downstream of MQGS.
- Upon classification of a Flood Situation, NB Power will follow the operating procedures contained in their OMS Manual for Dam Safety.

This EPP identifies five (5) Operation Levels that can exist at MQGS and may require a response by external response agencies and other organizations in addition to NB Power.



DAM ALERT (YELLOW)

- A DAM ALERT is not a dam safety emergency; it is an abnormal condition that could develop into a dam emergency if ignored or if mitigative actions are unsuccessful.
- Upon classification of a Dam Alert, NB Power will follow the procedures outlined in their OMS Manual for Dam Safety.

This EPP identifies five (5) Operation Levels that can exist at MQGS and may require a response by external response agencies and other organizations in addition to NB Power.



DAM EMERGENCY (ORANGE)

- A DAM EMERGENCY indicates that a potential dam failure is developing. However, it is believed that mitigative actions can be performed in time to prevent a dam failure.
- NB Power's primary management objective during a Dam Emergency is to save the dam.

This EPidentifies five (5) Operation Levels that can exist at MQGS and may require a response by external response agencies and other organizations in addition to NB Power.



DAM FAILURE (RED)

- A DAM FAILURE indicates that a dam failure is imminent or has already occurred. It is believed that mitigative actions cannot be performed in time to prevent a dam failure. NB Power's primary management objective during a Dam Failure is to save lives.
- Upon classification of a Dam Emergency or Dam Failure, NB Power's Hydro IM will issue the following notification to NB EMO
- (A courtesy notification may also be provided upon classification of a Dam Alert, at the discretion of the Hydro IM.

Notifications

The most important objective of a notification system is to warn stakeholders of a dam failure before the occurrence of significant flood impacts.

The notification flow chart shows that the stakeholders affected by a dam failure at MQGS are accounted for in this EPP and identifies the following responsibilities:





NB Power's Hydro Incident Manager (Hydro IM) notifies NB EMO



NB EMO notifies all appropriate Response Personnel and Other Stakeholders

NBEMO Mactaquac Generating Station Emergency Measures Plan (Annex B) Emergency **Preparedness Plan for Dam** Safety Mactaquac Generating **Station**



NB Power's Hydro Incident Manager

Upon classification of a DAM EMERGENCY or DAM FAILURE NB Power's Hydro IM notifies NB EMO.

(Notification of a DAM ALERT at discretion of Hydro IM)

NB Emergency Measures Organization

NB EMO notifies all appropriate Response Personnel and Other Stakeholders.

Response Personnel and Other Stakeholders

Response Personnel and Other Stakeholders

respond according to their local emergency plans



Unclassified

Site Description

The main structures comprising MGS are pictured on the next slide:





Intake Structure; and



Powerhouse

Diversion Sluiceway

1000000000

Main Dam Embankment

Rock Island

Main

Spillway

Power House

and the state of

Intake

Structure

Site Description

Characteristics of MGS Structures and Reservoir

Reservoir



Reservoir			
Normal Headpond Elevation		133 ft (40.5 m)	
Tailrace Elevation at Full Load		21 ft (6.4 m)	
Normal Headpond Surface Area		21,800 acres (8,822 ha)	
Useful Storage Capacity		202,700 acre-ft (250 million m ³)	
Normal Operating Range	Max	133 ft (40.5 m)	
	Min	128 ft (39.0 m)	



Site Description

Characteristics of MGS Structures and Reservoir Main Dan Embankment



Main Dam Embankment			
Type of Structure		Rockfill with central impervious core	
Length of Crest		1,800 ft (549 m)	
Width at Crest		40 ft (12.2 m)	
Minimum Crest Elevation		139 ft (42.4 m)	
Minimum Core Elevation		138 ft (42.1 m)	
Maximum Height		180 ft (54.9 m)	
Upstream Slope	Upper Slope	1.8H:1V	
	Lower Slope	Upstream cofferdam incorporated as toe berm (EL. 70 ft)	
Downstream Slope	Upper Slope	1.7H:1V	
	Lower Slope	Downstream cofferdam incorporated as toe berm (EL. 35 ft)	
Right Abutment		Original ground (bedrock)	
Left Abutment		South End Pier of Diversion Sluiceway	



Site Description

Characteristics of MGS Structures and Reservoir Diversion Sluiceway



Diversion Sluiceway		
Type of Structure		Concrete gravity overflow
Control Gates		5 vertical lift gates
Size of Gates		45 ft-wide x 53 ft-high (13.7 m x 16.2 m)
Gate Sill Elevation		80 ft (24.4 m)
Length of Structure	Gated Structure	273 ft (83.2 m)
	Stoplog Storage	83 ft (25.3 m)
	North Bulkhead Wall	240 ft (73.2 m)
Right Abutment		Main Dam Embankment
Left Abutment		Rock Island



Site Description

Characteristics of MGS Structures and Reservoir Main Spillway



Main Spillway		
Type of Structure		Concrete gravity overflow
Control Gates		5 vertical lift gates
Size of Gates		45 ft-wide x 53 ft-high (13.7 m x 16.2 m)
Gate Sill Elevation		80 ft (24.4 m)
Length of Structure	Stoplog Storage	78 ft (23.8 m)
	Gated Structure	273 ft (83.2 m)
Right Abutment		Rock Island
Left Abutment		Intake Structure
Total Discharge Capac	ity of Spillway Structures	680,000,cfs (19,255,cms)
(Diversion Sluiceway + Main Spillway)		000,000 (13 (13,233 (1115)



Site Description

Characteristics of MGS Structures and Reservoir Powerhouse



Powerhouse		
Installed Capacity		672 MW
Number of Units		6
Type of Turbine		Kaplan
Plant Discharge Capacity		81,000 cfs (2,300 cms)
	Units 1, 2, and 3	1968
In-Service Dates	Unit 4	1972
(Year)	Unit 5	1979
	Unit 6	1980



Site Description

Characteristics of MGS Structures and Reservoir Intake Structure



INTAKE STRUCTURE			
Type of Struct	ure	Concrete gravity	
Control Gates		2 per unit, vertical hydraulic lift	
Size of Gates (Clear Opening)	16 ft-high x (34 ft + 4.5 in)-wide	
Sill Elevation		60 ft (18.3 m)	
Structure Len	gth	522 ft (159.1 m)	
	Туре	6 steel-lined	
Penstocks	Internal Diameter	29 ft (8.8 m)	
	Length	178 ft (54.3 m)	
Right Abutme	nt	Intake structure	
Left Abutmen	t	Original ground (bedrock)	



The EPP for Dam Safety Mactaquac Generating Station



This Emergency Preparedness Plan has Appendix A Site Description Appendix B Inundation Maps –Sunny Day Failure Appendix C Inundation Maps –PMF Failure Appendix D Peak Water Levels–Flood Timings Appendix E EPP Plan Holders–PMF Failure Appendix F Definitions



The EPP for Dam Safety Mactaquac Generating Station



Are there any questions on the Emergency Preparedness Plan for Dam Safety Mactaquac Generating Station?





NBEMO Mactaquac Generating Station Emergency Measures Plan





CSA Z-1600:17 (R2022) Standard

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CSA Z-1600:17 Standard

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Foreword



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Any Questions on the NBEMO Mactaquac Generating Station Emergency Measures Plan?



OPEN DISCUSSION

Flood History Fredericton NB

1973 8.61 meters

2019 8.37 meters

2008 8.36 meters

2018 8.31 meters

Fredericton Flood 1973

The 1973 Saint John River flood in late April 1973 was the most significant flood ever recorded on the Saint John River.



"Flooding occurred in several places along the Saint John that spring—among them, Edmundston, Grand Falls, Perth-Andover, Hartland, Woodstock and parts of Maine. By far the most dramatic effects were in the lower valley. In Fredericton, the river level reached 8.6m, or 6.9m above its normal summer level (1.7m). Water spilled into older residential areas, lapped against newer subdivisions, and welled up around public buildings.

Fredericton Flood 1973







The flood inundated many parts of the city of Fredericton, New Brunswick and its surrounding farmlands killing at least one person and causing nearly 12 million dollars (78 million adjusted to 2008 dollars) in damages. The flood was created by a combination of heavy rain in the watershed and snow melt.

Fredericton Flood 1973



Orange Pumpkin Flood 2019







Unclassified

Grand Lake Flood 2019







Unclassified

North Burton Bridge Flood 2019









Burton Bridge Flood 2019









Jemseg Flood 2018









Maugerville Flood 2018







Unclassified

Fredericton Flood 2018









Millidgeville Flood 2018









Mactaquac Generating Station Dam Breach

Dam Breach Analysis



Dam Breach



Mactaquac Generating Station Dam Breach

Dam Breach Analysis



The analysis was carried out for normal low flow / full head pond water level conditions called "Sunny Day Scenario" and not the extreme high flow condition called "Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) Scenario".



Mactaquac Generating Station Dam Breach

Dam Breach Analysis







Considering the spillway capacity and the availability of more than six feet of freeboard above the maximum design water level at the dam, analysis shows that overtopping of the Mactaquac embankment dam is not a realistic scenario to consider. Therefore, for the purpose of preparing the Mactaquac Generating Station Emergency Measures Plan, only a breach caused by piping was investigated.



OPEN DISCUSSION

Notifications (to the public)



Emergency Services (Police, Fire, Ambulance)

Evacuations

Reception Centers





OPEN DISCUSSION

Power Outages



Impacts (Before, During and After)

Returning Home

Planning



Unclassified

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<u>Visit</u>

http://www.mactaquac.ca





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